

**Table S1.** Appearance of intracerebral hemorrhage on pre-contrast CT and post-contrast CT by stage in human patients.

Stage	No contrast	Contrast
Hyperacute (immediately)	Heterogeneous appearance with mixed density values in the range of 40 to 60 HU	No enhancement
Acute (early hours)	Well-demarcated/uniform and smooth hyperdense area (60 to 80 HU) with fluid levels	No enhancement
Early subacute (72 h)	Up to 80 to 100 HU in the center with a hypodense halo	No enhancement
Late subacute (3 to 20 d)	Decrease in density	Ring-like enhancement
Chronic (9th wk)	Hypodense area	Variable enhancement

HU — Hounsfield units.

## References

1. Parizel PM, Makkat S, van Miert E, van Goethem JW, van den Hauwe L, de Schepper AM. Intracranial hemorrhage: Principles of CT and MRI interpretation. *Europ Radiol* 2001;11:1770–1783.
2. Macellari F, Paciaroni M, Agnelli G, Caso V. Neuroimaging in intracerebral hemorrhage. *Stroke* 2014;45:903–908.

**Table S2.** T1- and T2-weighted imaging characteristics of intracerebral hemorrhage by stage in dogs.

Stage	T1-weighted	T2-weighted
Hyperacute (0 to 24 h)	Iso- to hypointense	Hyperintense
Acute (1 to 3 d)	Hypointense	Hypointense
Early subacute (4 to 7 d)	Hyperintense	Hyperintense
Late subacute (7/14 d to 1 mo)	Hyperintense	Hyperintense
Chronic (> 14 d to 1 mo)	Hypointense	Hypointense

## References

1. Arnold SA, Platt SR, Gendron KP, West FD. Imaging ischemic and hemorrhagic disease of the brain in dogs. *Front Vet Sci* 2020;7:279.
2. An D, Park J, Shin J-I, *et al.* Temporal evolution of MRI characteristics in dogs with collagenase-induced intracerebral hemorrhage. *Comp Med* 2015;65:517–525.